

RIMON® 10 EC
Novaluron Insecticide

10% Emulsifiable Concentrate Insect Growth Regulator

For Control and Suppression of Listed Insect Pests on Apple, Potato, Stone Fruits, Peppers (Bell and Non-Bell), Snapbeans, Strawberry, Head and Stem Brassica Vegetable Crops (broccoli, Chinese broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, and kohlrabi), Leafy Brassica Greens (Broccoli raab (rapini), Chinese Cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Bushberries (Crop Group 13-07B), Lowbush Cranberry, Sweet corn, Celery, Carrots and Alfalfa grown for seed. Greenhouse tomatoes and bell peppers.

AGRICULTURAL

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USING
KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

GUARANTEE: Novaluron 10%

REGISTRATION NO. 28881 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

NET CONTENTS: 1 L – 100 L

Manufactured for:
ARYSTA LIFESCIENCE CANADA INC.
400 Michener Road, Unit 2
Guelph, ON N1K 1E4

FOR 24-HOUR MEDICAL EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE CALL PROPHARMA:
1-866-303-6952 or +1-651-603-3432.

FOR 24-HOUR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY (Spill, leaks, fire, exposure, or accident)
CALL CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887.

For Product Information Call: 1-866-761-9397

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ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

TOXIC to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

DO NOT apply this product directly to freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, ditches and wetlands), estuaries or marine habitats.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitat by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, consider the characteristics and conditions of the site before treatment. Site characteristics and conditions that may lead to runoff include, but are not limited to: heavy rainfall, moderate to steep slope, bare soil, poorly draining soil (e.g. soils that are compacted or fine textured such as clay). Avoid application of this product when heavy rain is forecast. Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

This product may be TOXIC to bee colonies exposed to direct treatment, drift, or residues on flowering crops or weeds. Avoid applying this product to flowering crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

TOXIC to certain beneficial insects (e.g. predatory mites, parasitoid wasps). Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial insects in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL INFORMATION

RIMON® 10 EC is an insect growth regulator (IGR) that must be absorbed by eggs or ingested by insect larvae to be fully effective. **RIMON 10 EC** is an insecticide for control of listed foliar insect pests on apple and potato. The primary mode of action is by disrupting cuticle formation and deposition occurring when insects change from one developmental stage to another resulting in death at molting. Due to this mode of action, **RIMON 10 EC** has no effect on adult stages of insects that have completed all the successive molts through larval or nymphal stages of development.

Proper application techniques help ensure thorough spray coverage and correct dosage necessary to obtain optimum control. Higher water volumes and increased spray pressure generally provide better coverage. Apply at the listed rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult local extension agents, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Follow-up treatments of **RIMON 10 EC** should be applied at 10- to 14-day intervals to keep pest populations within threshold limits, if monitoring indicates this is required.

DO NOT allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

NOTE: The compatibility of **RIMON 10 EC** with concurrent releases of insects for biocontrol of plant pests has not been established.

Airblast Application: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. **DO NOT** direct spray above plants to be treated. Turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at the application site as measured outside of the treatment area on the upwind side.

Field Spray Application: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers(ASAE) medium classification.

Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

DO NOT apply by air.

Buffer Zones:

Use of the following spray methods or equipment **DO NOT** require a buffer zone: hand-held or backpack sprayer and spot treatment.

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelterbelts, woodlots, hedgerows, rangelands riparian areas and shrublands), sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, and wetlands), and estuarine/marine habitats.

Method of application	Crop	Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:						
		Freshwater Habitat of Depths:			Estuarine/Marine Habitats of Depths:			Terrestrial habitat
		Less than 1 m	1-3 m	Greater than 3 m	Less than 1 m	1-3 m	Greater than 3 m	
Field sprayer*	Potato, alfalfa grown for seed- ASAE Medium Spray Quality	20	15	5	35	30	10	1
	Potato, alfalfa grown for seed- ASAE Coarse Spray Quality	10	10	3	20	15	5	0
	Crop Subgroup 13-07B- ASAE Medium Spray Quality	50	40	15	95	80	30	1
	Crop Subgroup 13-07B- ASAE Coarse Spray Quality	25	20	10	50	40	15	1
Airblast (early growth stage)	Crop Subgroup 13-07B- ASAE	65	60	50	70	70	60	20
Airblast (late growth stage)	Crop Subgroup 13-07B- ASAE	55	50	40	60	60	50	10
Airblast (early growth stage)	Apple	75	70	60	80	80	70	30
Airblast (late growth stage)	Apple	65	60	50	70	70	60	20
Airblast (early growth stage)	Stone fruit	70	65	55	75	75	65	25

Airblast (late growth stage)	Stone fruit	60	55	45	65	65	55	15
Field Sprayer	Snapbeans, Peppers, Strawberry, Head and Stem Brassica, Leafy Brassica greens, carrots - ASAE Medium Spray Quality	25	20	10	45(50 Straw - berry)	40	15	1
	Snapbeans, Peppers, Strawberry, Head and Stem Brassica, Leafy Brassica greens, carrots - ASAE Coarse Spray Quality	10	10	4	25	20	10	1
		Less than 1 m		Greater than 1 m	Less than 1 m		Greater than 1 m	Terrestrial habitat
Field Sprayer	Sweet corn ASAE medium spray quality	35		15	65		30	1
	Sweet corn ASAE coarse spray quality	15		10	30		15	1
Field sprayer or chemigation	Lowbush cranberry	25		10	50		20	1

*For field sprayer application, buffer zones can be reduced with the use of drift reducing spray shields. When using a spray boom fitted with a full shield (shroud, curtain) that extends to the crop canopy or ground, the labelled buffer zone can be reduced by 70%. When using a spray boom where individual nozzles are fitted with cone-shaped shields that are no more than 30 cm above the crop canopy or ground, the labelled buffer zone can be reduced by 30%.

For tank-mixes, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) buffer zone of the products involved in the tank-mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank-mix partners.

Mixing Instructions: Prepare solution concentrations in a clean, empty spray-tank. Use clean spray filters. Add water to 1/2 level of tank. Add the appropriate amount of **RIMON 10 EC** to the tank and agitate to ensure proper mixture. Continue filling tank with water until desired dilution is achieved. Shake or re-agitate sprayer before use if application is interrupted. Make up only the amount of application volume as required. Dispose of any unused spray at the end of each day according to the instructions found in the STORAGE AND DISPOSAL section of this label.

Spray Coverage: All parts of the crop must receive uniform spray coverage or desired result may not occur. Consult your local agricultural specialist for specific information on the best application timing and spray volumes for your region.

APPLE ORCHARD

Make applications of **RIMON 10 EC** by conventional ground sprayers that are calibrated to deliver a minimum of 700 litres per hectare to trellised trees or trees 3 metres tall or less. For trees over 3 metres tall, use a minimum of 935 litres per hectare. Do not exceed 3500 litres per hectare.

When using an airblast sprayer, the equipment should be operated at ground speeds of 5 km/h or less, using adequate spray pressures and spray volumes to ensure that the air volume within the tree canopy is completely replaced by the output from the airblast sprayer which will result in proper coverage of the target crop. Do not use in alternate row middle application patterns since this application method may result in less than satisfactory coverage and poor performance.

Follow-up treatments of **RIMON 10 EC** should be applied at 10- to 14-day intervals to keep pest populations within threshold limits, if monitoring indicates this is required.

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC IN APPLE

Target Pests	Application Rate	Application Instructions
Codling moth	<p>0.93-1.4 L product/1000 L</p> <p>Do not exceed 3500 L water/ha applied as a dilute spray.</p>	<p>Application timing is based on biofix, which is based on the pest life cycle. Biofix is defined as the date of first sustained adult catch in pheromone traps. For the determination of degree days (DD) for codling moth, a lower and upper threshold of 10 and 31°C is used.</p> <p>For each codling moth generation: The 1st application should be made at 100 DD (161 DD for Western Canada) following biofix. Make additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals, as required by monitoring. For the second generation, the first application is generally made 500 to 600 DD following the 1st generation biofix.</p> <p>To calculate degree days (DD) accumulation for codling moth, use a lower and upper threshold of 10 and 31°C and a base temperature of 10°C. Alternatively, refer to development information provided by local packinghouses or weather monitoring networks. In the absence of degree day development model, apply RIMON 10 EC about 7 to 10 days after biofix, weather permitting.</p> <p>RIMON 10 EC must be applied prior to egg deposition or shortly thereafter to prevent codling moth damage to fruit. RIMON 10 EC must be applied before larvae penetrate into the fruit.</p> <p>RIMON 10 EC will provide 10 to 14 days of fruit protection depending on the concentration and rate of fruit expansion. Increase the rate and decrease the application interval for heavy infestation or continuous moth flight and egg oviposition.</p> <p>DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>DO NOT apply more than 10.97 L product/ha/crop/season.</p> <p>DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest.</p>
Oriental fruit moth	<p>0.93-1.4 L product/1000 L</p> <p>Do not exceed 3500 L water/ha</p>	<p>Begin applications before egg hatch of each generation to prevent larval penetration of the twigs and fruit. RIMON 10 EC will provide 10 to 14 days of protection depending on the concentration and rate of plant growth once applied. For situations of heavy infestations and continuous moth flight and egg oviposition, and where it is difficult to obtain thorough coverage, use the highest</p>

Target Pests	Application Rate	Application Instructions
	applied as a dilute spray.	<p>concentration and maintain coverage with reapplications at 10- to 14-day intervals, as required by monitoring.</p> <p>RIMON 10 EC must be applied before larvae penetrate into the fruit or twigs.</p> <p>DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>DO NOT apply more than 10.97 L product/ha/crop/season.</p> <p>DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest.</p>

PRODUCT MIXING CHART

Spray Volume	Amount of Product Required per Hectare:		Comments
	0.93 L of Product/1000 L	1.4 L of Product/1000 L	
700 L/ha	651 mL	980 mL	Minimum spray volume for trees less than 3 metres tall or trellised trees. <u>DO NOT</u> use a lower spray volume on trees greater than 3 metres tall.
935 L/ha	870 mL	1.3 L	935 L/ha is the Minimum spray volume for trees greater than 3 metres tall
1000 L/ha	930 mL	1.4 L	
1500 L/ha	1.4 L	2.1 L	
3000 L/ha	2.8 L	4.2 L	
3500 L/ha	3.3 L	4.9 L	

POTATO

Apply recommended dosage by conventional ground sprayer equipment capable of delivering sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage of the target crop. Spray equipment boom and nozzles should be oriented in a manner to minimize boom height to optimize coverage uniformity, maximize deposition and reduce spray drift.

Drop nozzles may be required to obtain uniform coverage against certain pests that develop down in the canopy. A minimum spray volume of 100 litres per hectare should be used with ground spray equipment in potatoes. Higher water volume will provide better coverage and performance. Use hollow cone, disc-core hollow cone or twin jet fan nozzles suitable for insecticide spraying.

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC IN POTATO

Target Pests	Application rate	Application Instructions
Colorado Potato Beetle, European Corn Borer	410-820 mL product/ha (44-88 g ai/ha)	<p>DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per crop per season. DO NOT apply more than 1640 mL product/ha/crop/season (177 g ai/ha/crop/season). DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest.</p> <p>Colorado Potato Beetle: Application should be made when the majority of the population is at egg hatch to the second instar. Use higher application rates and spray volumes for higher pest pressure, when larvae are large or foliage canopy is tall or dense. Reapplication on a 10- to 14-day interval will be required to protect new growth or monitoring indicates that it is necessary.</p> <p>European Corn Borer: The first application should be made just prior to egg hatch. Scout for European corn borer to monitor egg-laying and egg hatch to determine application timing. Use higher application rates and spray volumes for higher pest pressure. Reapplication on a 10- to 14-day interval will be required to protect new growth or monitoring indicates that it is necessary.</p>

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS: The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for this product for the uses described below were developed by persons other than Arysta LifeScience Canada, Inc. and accepted for registration by Health Canada under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion Program. Arysta LifeScience Canada, Inc. itself makes no representation or warranty with respect to performance (efficacy) or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) claims for this product when used on the crops listed below. Accordingly, the Buyer and User assume all risks related to performance and crop tolerance arising, and agree to hold Arysta LifeScience Canada, Inc. harmless from any claims based on efficacy or phytotoxicity in connection with the uses described below

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For application to Stone Fruits (Crop Group 12)

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC ON STONE FRUIT (peach, nectarine, apricots, plums, plumcots, prune plums, cherries, and sweet and tart cherries).

Target Pests	Application Rate Litres/ha	Application Instructions
		<p>Do not use RIMON 10 EC in alternate row middle application patterns since this method will result in off-timing application and poor performance. Apply in 1000 to 3000 Litres of water per hectare.</p>

Oriental Fruit Moth	1.35-3.35 (145-363 g ai)	<p>Begin applications before egg hatch of each generation to prevent larval penetration of the fruit. RIMON 10 EC will provide 10 to 14 days of protection depending on the application rate and speed of plant growth once applied.</p> <p>For situations of heavy infestations and continuous moth flight and egg oviposition, and where it is difficult to obtain thorough coverage, use the highest labeled rate and maintain coverage with timely reapplications at 10- to 14-day intervals, as required by monitoring.</p> <p>RIMON 10 EC must be applied before the larvae penetrate into the fruit or twigs.</p> <p>RIMON 10 EC may be alternated with other registered insecticides targeted against the same pest as long as the application interval does not exceed the period of effectiveness of the alternate product.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.05 litres per hectare per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.</p>
Peach Twig Borer	1.35-3.35 (145-363 g ai)	<p>Dormant/Delayed dormant: Apply RIMON 10 EC with 38 to 56 litres per hectare of narrow range oil. Always use the higher rates if the orchard has a history of heavy populations.</p> <p>Bloom: Monitor for peach twig borer larvae and its damage during bloom when shoots are emerging, to determine if the pest is active. When emerging shoots are about 1 inch long, look for wilted leaf shoots and feeding at the base of flowers. If larvae or their damage are observed at this time, make application in sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage.</p> <p>In-Season: Monitor orchard from bloom onward for shoot strikes at the end of each generation. Shoot strikes first appear when the degree-day accumulation from moths in traps approaches 220 DD_{10° C} but more will be evident around 385-440 DD_{10° C}. If larvae or their damage are observed at this time, make application in sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage.</p> <p>Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.</p>
Oblique banded leafroller	1.35-3.35 (145-363 g ai)	Application timing is based on Biofix for the pest (if information is unavailable, consult your university or extension entomologist for targeting application at

		<p>the initiation of egg hatch). The pest Biofix is based on the pest life cycle. Biofix is defined as the date of first sustained adult catch in pheromone traps – typically five moths in three traps in a seven-day period.</p> <p>Apply the RIMON 10 EC treatments at the following timings:</p> <p>First Generation: The 1st application should be made during pink to petal fall period. A 2nd application should be made approximately 10 to 14 days later if needed.</p> <p>Second Generation: The 1st application should be made at 55 to 110 DD_{10° C} following the 2nd generation Biofix. A 2nd application should be made approximately 7 to 14 days later – usually 220 to 275 DD_{10° C} following the 2nd generation Biofix. A 3rd application should be made 10 to 14 days later – usually 385 to 440 DD_{10° C} following the 2nd generation Biofix.</p> <p>For all generations, best protection is achieved when applications are initiated at the beginning of oviposition. RIMON 10 EC will provide 7 to 14 days of protection depending on the application rate and rate of fruit expansion.</p> <p>For all generations, best protection is achieved when applications are initiated at the beginning of oviposition.</p> <p>Increase the rate and decrease the application interval for heavy infestations or continuous moth flight and egg oviposition.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 10.05 litres per hectare per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.</p>
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GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For foliar application to Snapbeans

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC ON SNAPBEANS

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended water volumes are 280 to 520 Litres of water per hectare.
Fall Armyworm, European Corn Borer,	410-820 mL/product/ha (44-88 g ai/ha)	European Corn Borer: The first application should be made just prior to egg hatch. Scout for European Corn

True Armyworm		<p>Borer to monitor egg-laying and egg hatch to determine application timing.</p> <p>Fall and True Armyworm: Application should be made when the larvae first start feeding.</p> <p>Use higher application rates and spray volumes for higher pest pressure, when larvae are large, or when the foliage canopy is tall or dense.</p> <p>Reapplication on a 7- to 10-day interval may be required to protect new growth or when monitoring indicates the need. For the most effective control, fields should be scouted and sprays applied in a timely manner.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2.46 litres per hectare per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 2 day of harvest.</p>
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GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application to Peppers (Bell and Non-Bell)

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC ON BELL AND NON-BELL PEPPERS

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions Apply in sufficient volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended water volumes are 280 to 520 Litres of water per hectare.
European Corn Borer	410-820 (44-88 g ai/ha)	<p>First application should be made just prior to egg hatch. Scout for European Corn Borer to monitor egg-laying and egg hatch to determine application timing.</p> <p>Use higher application rates and spray volumes for higher pest pressure, when larvae are large or when the foliage canopy is tall or dense.</p> <p>Reapplication on at a 7- to 10-day interval may be required to protect new growth or when monitoring indicates the need.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.</p>

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application to Strawberries

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC ON STRAWBERRIES

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions
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Nymphs of <i>Lygus lineolaris</i> (Tarnished Plant Bug)	<p>835 (90 g ai/ha)</p> <p>Apply in sufficient volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended water volumes are 450 to 1400 Litres of water per hectare.</p>	<p>First application should be made when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds.</p> <p>Reapplication on at a 10- to 14-day interval may be required.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop season.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2.5 Litres of product per hectare per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.</p>
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GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application.

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC in broccoli, Chinese broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, and kohlrabi are Cabbage Looper, Imported Cabbage Worm and Diamondback Moth.

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions
Cabbage Looper, Imported Cabbage Worm, Diamondback Moth	<p>410-820 (44-88 g ai/ha)</p> <p>Use higher rate under high insect pressure, or when larvae are large.</p> <p>Apply in sufficient volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended water volumes are 200 to 400 Litres of water per hectare.</p>	<p>Apply at the listed rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult local extension agents, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your areas.</p> <p>Reapplication on at a 7- to 10-day interval will be required to protect new growth or monitoring indicates that it is necessary.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2460 ml of product per hectare per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 2 to 4 days of harvest.</p>

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application.

INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC in Leafy Brassica Greens (broccoli Raab (rapini), Chinese Cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens,

Mustard Spinach, and Rape Greens are cabbage looper, diamondback moth and imported cabbage worm.

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Timing
Cabbage looper, Diamondback Moth, Imported Cabbage Worm	<p>410-820 mL product/ha (44-88 g ai/ha)</p> <p>Apply in sufficient volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended water volumes are 200 to 400 Litres of water per hectare.</p>	<p>Application should be made when the majority of the population is at the egg hatch to second instar. Use higher rates and higher spray volumes when larvae are large and when target pest populations are high or foliage canopy is tall or dense.</p> <p>Reapplication on a 7- to 10-day interval will be required to protect new growth or monitoring indicates that it is necessary. For the most effective control, field should be scouted.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 2460 ml per hectare per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</p>

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application.

**INSECTS CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC in Bushberries (Crop Group 13-07B)
Cherry fruitworm and Cranberry fruitworm.**

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions
Cherry fruitworm, Cranberry fruitworm	<p>1.35-2 L product/ha (145-217 g. ai/ha)</p> <p>Recommended water volumes are 374-1122 Litres of water per hectare.</p> <p>Apply in sufficient volume to ensure thorough coverage.</p>	<p>Application should be made when the majority of the population is at the egg hatch to second instar. Use higher rates and higher spray volumes when larvae are large or foliage canopy is tall or dense. For the most effective control, field should be scouted and sprays applied in a timely manner.</p> <p>Reapplication on a 10- to 14-day interval will be required to protect new growth or monitoring indicates that it is necessary.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop per season.</p> <p>Do not apply within 8 days of harvest.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 6.0 litres of product per hectare per season.</p>

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For control of apple clearwing moth and dogwood borer on apple. Direct spray onto tree trunk using a hand gun or backpack spray.

Target Pests	Application Rate	Application Instructions
Apple clearwing moth, Dogwood borer	1.4 Litres of product/1000 Litres of water Do not exceed 2000 L water/ha	Direct applications to the tree trunk. Maximum of 2 applications per growing season. Apply when economic thresholds are reached according to one of the following: 1 application in the spring targeting larvae preparing to pupate. Or 1 application postharvest (autumn) as a curative spray. Or 1 to 2 applications in the summer at a 14- day interval targeting 25 to 75% egg laying to prevent egg hatch and 1st instar larvae establishment. Applications should target the tree trunk. Use a 14-day spray interval. Use a PHI of 14 days.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application.

**INSECT CONTROLLED BY RIMON 10 EC in Sweet Corn is Corn Earworm
(*Helicoverpa zea*).**

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions
Corn Earworm (<i>Helicoverpa zea</i>)	820 mL product (88 g ai) per hectare Broadcast foliar treatment	Prior to peak oviposition at silking: Apply when adult activity is first observed or when eggs begin to hatch. Reapplication at 7-day intervals as long as monitoring indicates that the corn earworm moths and fresh silks are present. Do not apply more than 5 applications per crop per season. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 9 days following the application for the re-entry activities of hand detasseling and hand harvesting. Do not apply within 9 days of harvest for hand harvesting. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest for mechanical harvesting. Apply in sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of the silks and

ears. Recommended water volumes are 90 to 570 Litres of water per hectare.
Do not apply more than 4.1 litres of product per hectare per season.

CELERY

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For foliar application.

RIMON 10 EC reduces by damage by pea leafminer on Celery.

Target Pests	Application Rate	Application Instructions
Pea Leafminer (reduces damage)	464-603 mL/ha (50-65 g ai/ha) Recommended water volumes are 200 to 400 Litres of water per hectare	Apply when pea leafminer or damage first appear. Reapply based on monitoring. Allow 7 to 14 days between applications. Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop per season. Do not apply within 2 days of harvest.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Foliar application. Lygus bug nymphs controlled by RIMON 10 EC in alfalfa grown for seed.

Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 1670 mL product per hectare per season.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop per season.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Use this product only on pure stands of alfalfa to be harvested for seed.
- Do not allow livestock to graze treated fields. Do not use treated crops for livestock feed. Crop residues are not to be fed to livestock or baled for such use.
- Do not feed refuse or hay from treated alfalfa for animal feed or forage.
- Alfalfa seed from treated field may not be used for growing sprouts for humans or animal consumption.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For control of Lesser peach tree borer (LPTB), *Synanthedon pictipes* and Greater peach tree borer (PTB), *Synanthedon exitiosa* on **STONE FRUIT (peach, nectarine, apricots, plums, plumcots, prune plums, cherries, and sweet and tart cherries).**

Use a hand-gun to direct spray to trunk and scaffold limbs from the ground level to 1.5 m above ground.

Target Pests	Application Rate	Application Instructions
Lesser peach tree borer (LPTB), <i>Synanthedon pictipes</i> ,	1.4 Litres of product/1000 Litres of water	Direct applications to the tree trunk and scaffold limbs. Maximum of 3 applications

Greater peach tree borer (PTB), <i>Synanthedon exitiosa</i>	Do not exceed 2000 L water/ha (2.8 L product/ha)	per growing season. Apply when economic thresholds are reached according to the following: Apply at 3-week intervals (21 days) starting 7 to 10 days after first trap catch. Use a 21-day spray interval. Use a PHI of 14 days.
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CARROTS
GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS
For Ground application (Foliar spray).

RIMON 10 EC Reduces Damage by Carrot Weevil on Carrot.

Target Pests	Application Rate mL product/ha	Application Instructions
Carrot Weevil (<i>Listronotus oregonensis</i>) (reduces damage)	410-820 ml product/ha (44-88 g ai/ha) Use the higher application rate when pest pressure is high. Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended water volume is 500 litres of water per hectare.	Apply at the listed rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult local extension agents, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area. Apply at 7-day intervals. Maximum 3 applications. Do not apply more than 2460 ml product/ha/season (264 g ai/ha/season). Do not spray crop within 3 days of harvest.

GREENHOUSE TOMATOES

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS
(Foliar spray). RIMON 10 EC suppresses whiteflies on greenhouse tomato

Target Pests	Application Rates mL product/ha	Application Timing
Whiteflies (suppression)	650-835 mL product/ha (70-90 g a.i./ha) Do not exceed 935 L water/ha as a dilute spray. Use the higher application rate when pest pressure is high or foliage is mature.	Apply at the listed rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult local extension agents, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area. Re-apply at 7 – 10 day intervals when monitoring indicates the need. Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop cycle.

	Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage.	Do not spray crop within 2 days of harvest.
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GREENHOUSE BELL PEPPER

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

(Foliar spray). RIMON 10 EC controls nymphs of Lygus Bugs including *Lygus lineolaris* (Tarnished Plant Bug) and reduces numbers of Pepper Weevils on greenhouse bell peppers.

DO NOT apply this product to greenhouse non-bell peppers.

Target Pests	Application Rates mL product/ha	Application Timing
Nymphs of Lygus Bugs including <i>Lygus lineolaris</i> (Tarnished Plant Bug), Pepper Weevils (reduces numbers)	835 mL product/ha (90 g a.i./ha) Apply in a maximum spray volume of 935 L water/ha.	For Lygus Bugs apply when the majority of the population is at egg hatch to the second instar. For Pepper Weevils apply at initial flowering stage. For the most effective control, scout greenhouses and apply spray in a timely manner. Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Use higher spray volumes when foliage canopy is dense and high infestations occur. Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop cycle. Re-apply at 7 day intervals when monitoring indicates the need. Do not spray crop within 1 day of harvest.

LOWBUSH CRANBERRY

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For Ground application (Foliar spray) or Chemigation.

Target Pests	Application Rate (mL product/ha)	Application Instructions
Blackheaded fireworm	677-835 mL (73-90 g ai/ha)	1 st generation larvae: Apply when the majority of overwintering eggs have hatched in early spring. 2 nd generation larvae: Apply at the first sign of oviposition through early egg hatch.
Cranberry fruitworm Cranberry spanworm Sparganothis fruitworm	677-835 mL (73-90 g ai/ha)	Apply when the majority of the target pest population is at egg hatch to early instars.
		Apply when the majority of the target pest population is at early instars.
Cranberry tipworm	677-835 mL (73-90 g ai/ha)	
Spray Volume	Spray with a sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of fruit and leaf surfaces. Chemigation: use a spray volume between 1500 to 3000 L per ha	
Number of Applications and Interval	Maximum of 3 applications per growing season. Use a 7-day spray interval.	
Pre-Harvest Interval	Do not apply within 1 day of harvest	

For Chemigation:

DO NOT apply **RIMON 10 EC** insecticide by chemigation to other crops listed on this label.

RIMON 10 EC insecticide may be applied through an overhead sprinkler irrigation system (solid set) that will apply water uniformly. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units are not recommended. Non-uniform distribution of treated water may reduce effectiveness or result in illegal pesticide residues on the crop. Proper calibration of the chemigation system is essential to deliver the desired rate per hectare in a uniform manner and to minimize wash-off time. If you have questions about calibration, contact the equipment manufacturer or other local expert.

Equipment Requirements:

- The system must contain an air gap, or approved backflow prevention device, or approved functional check valve, vacuum relief valve (including inspection port), and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow unless the water is from a man-made self-contained source on private land.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve or one-way valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. A secondary containment system around the injection port area must be in place.

- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, valve located on the intake side of the injection system to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply-tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain either a) functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off pesticide injection when water pressure drops or water flow stops; or b) in the absence of said automatic system, the injection procedure be continually monitored by an operator who is able to manually shut off pesticide injection under the same circumstances.
- Systems must use a metering device, such as a positive displacement injection pump (or flow meter on eductor) effectively designed and compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- The tank holding the insecticide mixture should be free of rust, fertilizer, sediment, and foreign material, and equipped with an in-line strainer situated between the tank and the injection point.
- To insure uniform mixing of the insecticide in the water line, inject the mixture in the center of the pipe diameter or just ahead of an elbow or tee in the irrigation line so the turbulence created at those points will assist in mixing. The injection point must be located after all back-flow prevention devices on the water line unless the water is from a man-made self-contained source on private land.

Precautions:

- Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the required safety devices for public water systems are in place. Specific local regulations may apply and must be followed.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall operate the system and shall shut the system down to make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- Do not apply when wind speed causes non-uniform distribution and/or favours drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, please note that **RIMON 10 EC** contains a Group 15 Insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **RIMON 10 EC** and other Group 15 Insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides is used repeatedly in the same fields. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action but are specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of **RIMON 10 EC** or other Group 15 Insecticides with different groups that control the same pests in a field.
- Use tank-mixtures with insecticides from a different group when such use is permitted.
- Insecticide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting, record keeping, and considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.

- Monitor treated pest populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.

PRECAUTIONS: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixer/loaders must wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, footwear, eye protection, and chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or Viton. Applicators must wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and footwear. Applicators using handheld equipment must wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves and footwear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such washing instructions, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours, unless otherwise stated for individual crops.

Apply only when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation or areas of human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature, application equipment and sprayer settings.

FIRST AID:

IF SWALLOWED:

Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES:

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED:

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take the container label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no specific antidote. Employ supportive care. Treatment should be based on judgment of the physician in response to reactions of the patient.

STORAGE

To prevent contamination, store this product away from food or feed.

DISPOSAL

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

1. Triple-or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.

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